

GL-8420

COAXIAL IGNITRON

**INTEGRAL CONTROL THERMOSTAT
FORCED-AIR COOLED**

**ELECTRONIC CONTACTOR SERVICE
1000 AMPERES**

The GL-8420 is a forced-air-cooled ignitron for use in railroad locomotive service as an electronic contactor. In such application two tubes in an inverse-parallel connection control the a-c voltage input to a semiconductor rectifier.

to cathode, then up the tube wall to a coaxial cathode terminal. Coaxial current flow provides a magnetic shield to eliminate arc deflection caused by high peak currents. An integral thermostat provides protection against excessive temperature and loss of cooling air. An ignitor terminal block on the periphery of the tube facilitates connecting to the ignitor.

Features include a coaxial construction in which current flows from anode

Electrical

Cathode Excitation—Cyclic	
Cathode Spot Starting—Ignitor	
Number of Electrodes	
Main Anodes.....	1
Main Cathodes.....	1
Ignitors.....	1
Arc Drop, at 1100 Amperes Peak.....	19 Volts

Mechanical

Envelope Material—Steel	
Net Weight.....	130 Pounds
Mounting Position—Vertical, Anode Terminal Up	

Thermal

Type of Cooling—Forced Air	
Cooling Air Temperature	
Maximum.....	45 C
Minimum.....	10 C
Air Flow at Rated Load, minimum.....	600 Cubic Feet per Minute
Static Incoming Air Pressure at Minimum Flow.....	3.9 Inches—Water
Incoming Air Enters Beneath Tube—(See Outline Drawing)	

**MAXIMUM RATINGS—AC CONTACTOR SERVICE
(Two Tubes in Inverse Parallel, Ratings per Tube)**

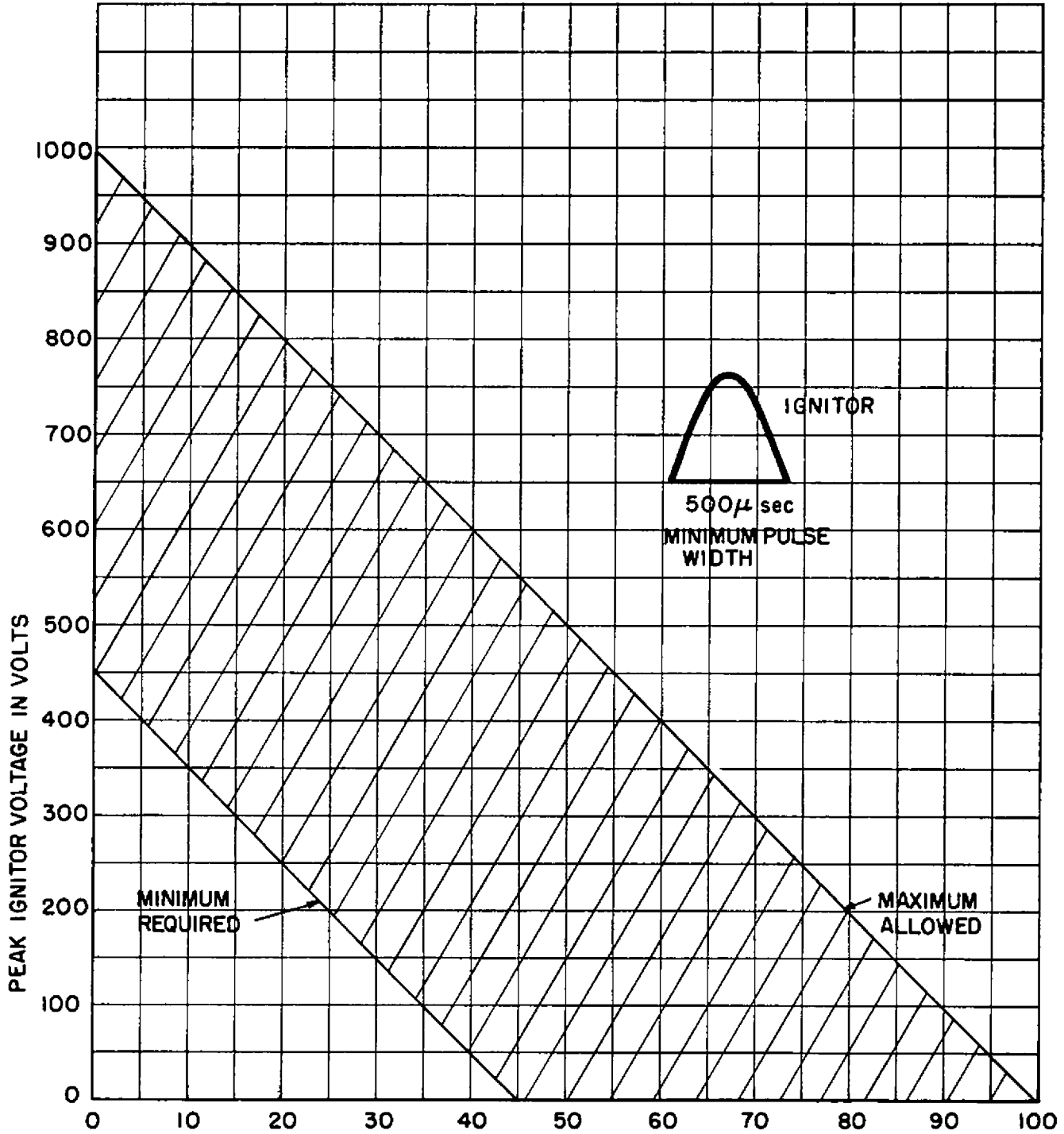
Peak Forward and Inverse Anode Voltage.....	1000 Volts
Average Anode Current	
5 Cycles.....	1000 Amperes
2 Minutes.....	130 Amperes
Frequency Range.....	25-60 Cycles per Second

Ignitor Requirements	
Maximum Voltage	
Positive—Anode Voltage	
Negative.....	5 Volts
Maximum Current	
Peak.....	100 Amperes
Root Mean Square.....	15 Amperes
Average.....	2 Amperes
Maximum Averaging Time.....	10 Seconds
Volt-Ampere Time Requirements—See Curve K-69087-72A982	

Temperature-Control-Switch Ratings	
Maximum Current, at 32 Volts DC.....	1 Ampere
Maximum Peak Potential Difference Between Tube Cylinder and Switch Current	1500 Volts



IGNITOR VOLT-AMPERE REQUIREMENTS FOR SEPARATE EXCITATION



THE IGNITOR FIRING CIRCUIT SHOULD BE DESIGNED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE SHADED AREA

