

EITEL-MCCULLOUGH, INC. SAN CARLOS, CALIFORNIA

TENTATIVE DATA

EM-779

TRAVELING WAVE TUBE
5.0 to 11.0 Gc.
1 Watt Minimum

30 db Gain

TENTATIVE DATA FOR EIMAC EM-779 TRAVELING WAVE TUBE

The Eimac EM-779 is a ruggedized, ceramic and metal, periodic permanent magnet focused, power-amplifier traveling wave tube. It is capable of delivering a minimum CW output power of one watt throughout the frequency range of 5.0 to 11.0 Gigacycles with a nominal small signal gain of 30 decibels. The EM-779 is designed to operate under severe environmental extremes of shock, vibration, temperature and altitude such as encountered in airborne applications.



The use of temperature compensated permanent magnets allows the EM-779 to be operated over a wide temperature range without degradation of performance. Flexible leads provide electrical connections to the tube.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

ELECTRICAL

Cathode: Unipotential, oxide coated Minimum Heating Time Heater: Voltage Current Noise Figure Minimum Saturated Output Power Frequency Range Input and Output Impedance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 6.3 volts 0.6 amperes 25 to 34 decibels 1 watt 5.0 to 11.0 gigacycles
MECHANICAL Operating Position		 Type N Female Coaxial Fitting Periodic Permanent Magne Passive Heat Sink See Outline Drawing
MAXIMUM RATINGS D-C BEAM VOLTAGE*		. 3000 VOLTS
D-C FOCUS ELECTRODE VOLTAGE*: NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO C		. 40 VOLTS

TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Frequency		•			•	5.0 to 11.0	gigacycles
Minimum Output	Power		•			1.0	watts
Small Signal Ġain						30	decibels
D-C Beam Voltage	e* .						volts
D-C Cathode Curr						23	milliamperes
D-C Focus Electrod	de Volt	age*			•		volts
D-C Focus Electrod						0	milliamperes
*All voltages refe	rred to	cathoo	le.				

APPLICATION

Cooling: The EM-779 is designed to be heat sink cooled by means of the mounting available and integral with the tube and PPM structure. Under environmental conditions normally encountered in military equipments, additional cooling will not be required.

Cathode: The heater voltage should be maintained within \pm 5 per cent of the rated value of 6.3 volts if variations in performance are to be minimized and best tube life obtained.

Helix: The helix, collector and anode are internally connected to the tube body and are operated at the same potential. Therefore, it is often convenient to operate these elements at chassis potential, with the cathode and focus electrode at appropriate negative potentials. The cathode potential should be maintained within \pm 1% to insure proper operation.

Focus Electrode: The focus electrode power supply must be regulated within \pm 2 per cent to minimize variations in performance.

Special Applications: For any additional information concerning this tube or its application, write to Microwave Product Manager, Eitel-McCullough, Inc., San Carlos, California.

ENVIRONMENTAL

The EM-779 conforms generally with MIL-E-5272C, "Environmental Testing, Aeronautical and Associated Equipment, General Specification for," and MIL-E-5400, "Electronic Equipment, Aircraft, General Specification for," Class II.

Vibration: 10 g to 2000 cps (Curve A of Proc. XII, MIL-E-5272C)

Shock: $25 \, \text{g}$, $11 \pm 1 \, \text{ms}$

Acceleration: Sustained, 25 g's

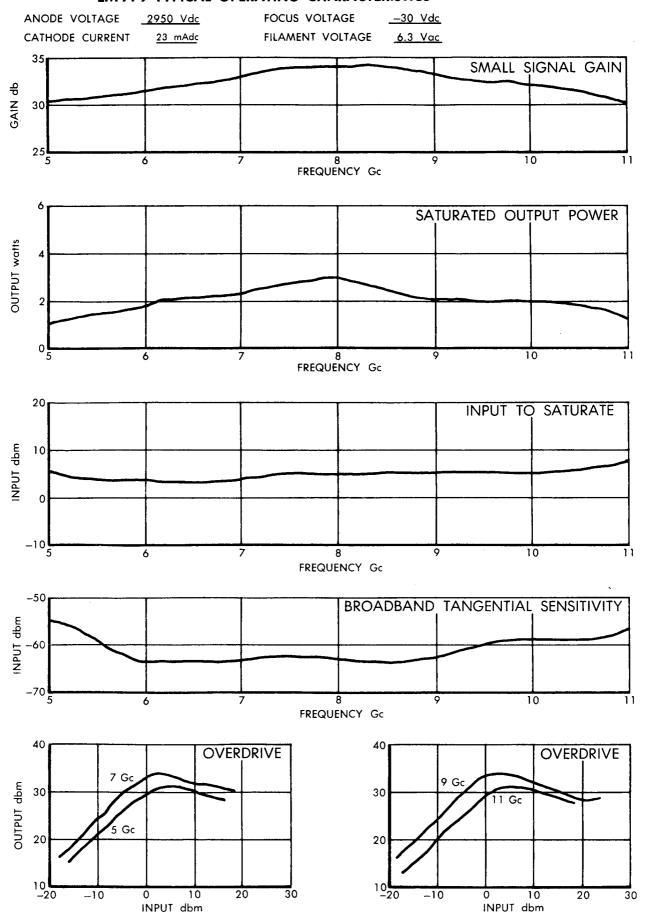
Temperature: -54°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

Altitude: 70,000 ft.

NOTE: This data should not be used for final equipment design.



EM-779 TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS



EM-779

CONNECTIONS

- 1. HEATER —BROWN
- 2. CATHODE HEATER-YELLOW
- 3. FOCUS ELECTRODE —GREEN
- 4. BODY GROUND —BLACK

