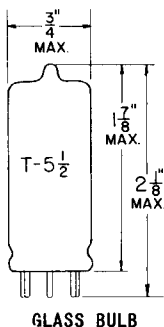


TUNG-SOL

PENTODE
MINIATURE TYPE



GLASS BULB

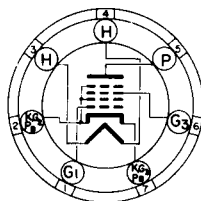
COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER

6.3±10% VOLTS 0.2 AMP.

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW

MINIATURE BUTTON
7 PIN BASE

7GA

THE 6FG5 IS A "SHADOW GRID" BEAM PENTODE IN THE 7 PIN MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION. IT HAS AN INTERNALLY CONNECTED GRID BETWEEN THE CONTROL GRID AND THE SCREEN GRID WHICH SERVES TO REDUCE THE RATIO OF SCREEN CURRENT TO PLATE CURRENT. THE TUBE IS DESIGNED FOR USE AS A RADIO-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER IN VHF TELEVISION RECEIVERS.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES
WITHOUT EXTERNAL SHIELD

GRID #1 TO PLATE (MAX.) (G1 TO P)	0.02	μμf
INPUT: G1 TO (H+K+G2+G3+B.P.)	4.2	μμf
OUTPUT: P TO (H+K+G2+G3+B.P.)	2.8	μμf

RATINGS

INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN MAXIMUM SYSTEM

HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3±10%	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE VOLTAGE	275	VOLTS
MAXIMUM SCREEN VOLTAGE	275	VOLTS
MAXIMUM POSITIVE DC GRID #1 VOLTAGE	0	VOLTS
MAXIMUM NEGATIVE DC GRID #1 VOLTAGE	50	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATION	2.75	WATTS
MAXIMUM SCREEN DISSIPATION	0.15	WATTS
MAXIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	20	MA.
MAXIMUM HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		
DC COMPONENT	100	VOLTS
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	VOLTS
HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	VOLTS
MAXIMUM GRID #1 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE	3.3	MEG OHMS

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

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TUNG-SOL

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

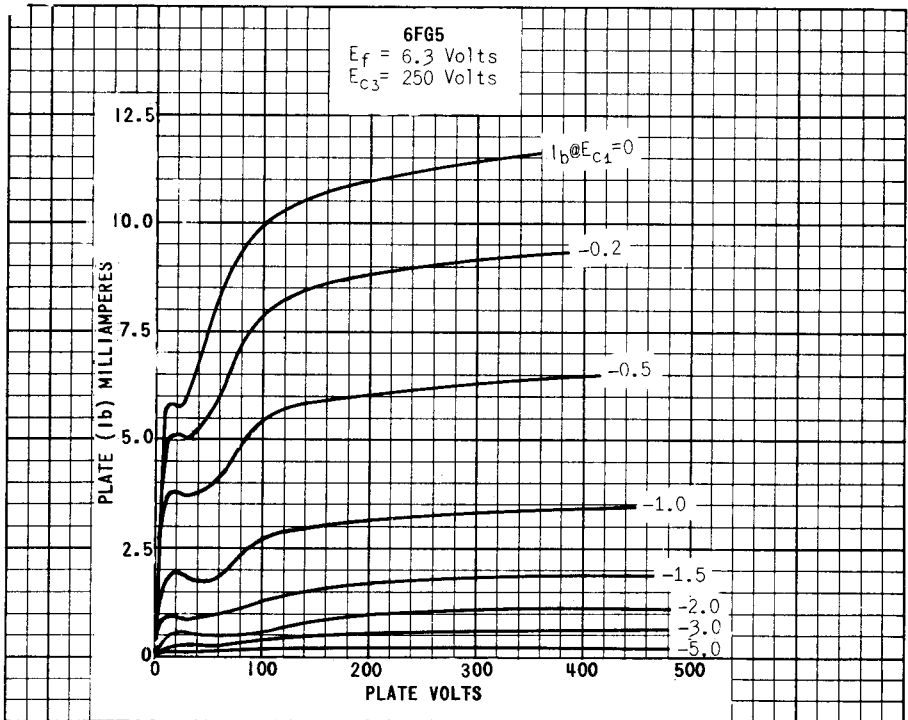
HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3±10%	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.2	AMP.
PLATE VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
SCREEN VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
GRID #1 VOLTAGE	-0.2	VOLTS
PLATE RESISTANCE (APPROX.)	0.25	MEGOMHS
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	9500	μMHOS
PLATE CURRENT	9.0	MA.
SCREEN CURRENT	0.42	MA.

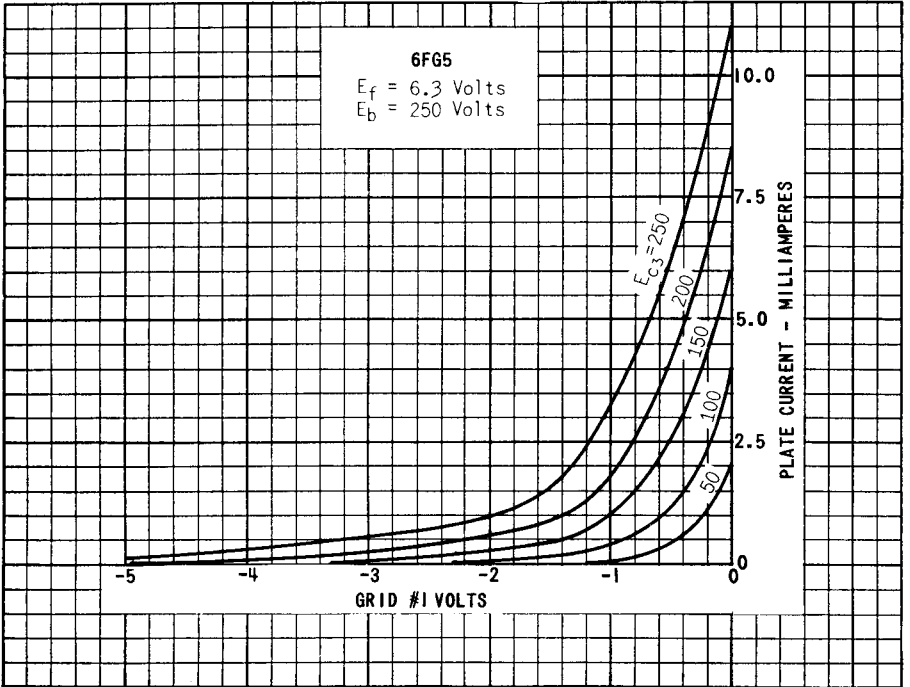
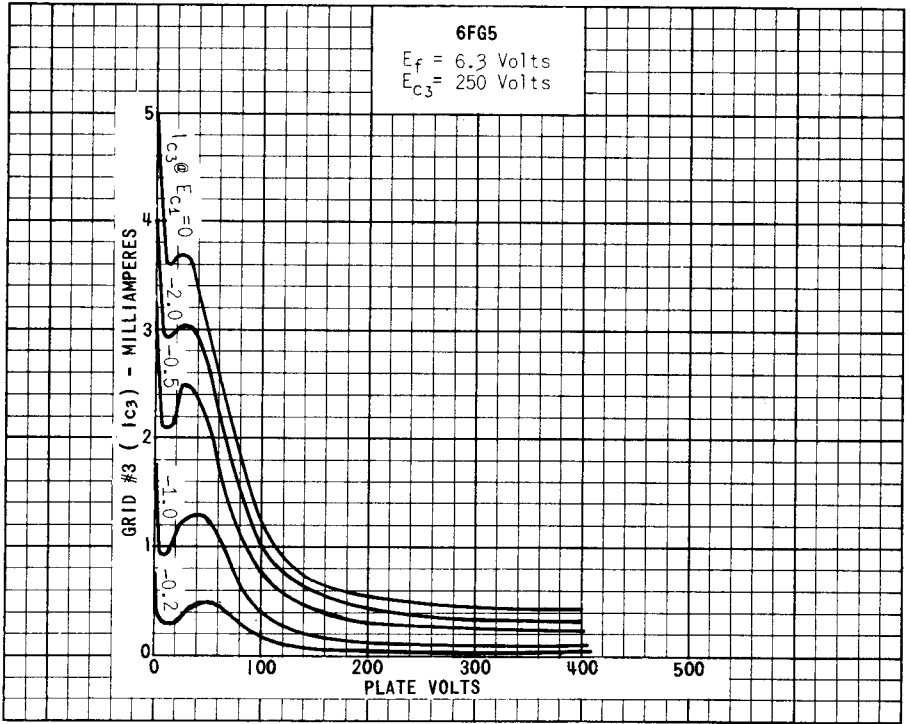
GRID #1 VOLTAGE (APPROX.)

 $G_m = 100 \mu\text{MHOS}$

-5 VOLTS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS ARE LIMITING VALUES OF OPERATING AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO A BOGEY ELECTRON DEVICE OF A SPECIFIED TYPE AS DEFINED BY ITS PUBLISHED DATA, AND SHOULD NOT BE EXCEEDED UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE CONDITIONS. THE DEVICE MANUFACTURER CHOOSES THESE VALUES TO PROVIDE ACCEPTABLE SERVICEABILITY OF THE DEVICE, TAKING RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN OPERATING CONDITIONS DUE TO VARIATIONS IN DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS. THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER SHOULD DESIGN SO THAT INITIALLY AND THROUGHOUT LIFE NO DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUE FOR THE INTENDED SERVICE IS EXCEEDED WITH A BOGEY DEVICE UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE OPERATING CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO SUPPLY-VOLTAGE VARIATION, EQUIPMENT COMPONENT VARIATION, EQUIPMENT CONTROL ADJUSTMENT, LOAD VARIATION, SIGNAL VARIATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.





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